

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

Transa di				
	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
APPLICATION NO. 09/963,423	09/27/2001	Klaus-Peter Jonderko	206033US0	8759
22850 7	7590 06/13/2002	ID MAIER & NEUSTADT PC	EXAMINER	
FOURTH FLC	OOR SON DAVIS HIGHWAY		SERGENT, RABON A	
ARLINGTON	I, VA 22202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1711 DATE MAILED: 06/13/2002	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

MES

Application No.

09/963,423

Applicant(s)

Jonderko et al.

Office Action Summary

Examiner
Rabon Sergent

Art Unit 1711

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address				
Period for Reply	TO SYDIDE Above MONTHIES EDOM				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.					
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In r	o event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the				
mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the	e statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.				
If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply at	a application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
 Failure to reply within the set of extended period for topy, this, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	is communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any				
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	· .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action	1				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-25</u>	is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
6) 🔀 Claim(s) <u>1-25</u>	is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				
8) Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the c	Irawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply	to this Office action.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) □ All b) □ Some* c) 💢 None of:					
 Certified copies of the priority documents have 					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
application from the International Duck	documents have been received in this National Stage eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	a discriment copies not received.				
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	al application has been received.				
 a) The translation of the foreign language provision 15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic 	e priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.				
	Spridity diad to state to the entry in the				
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
3) V Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 3, 4	6) Other:				

Application/Control Number: 09/963,423

Art Unit: 1711

1. Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Within claims 1, 11, 15, 25, and 26, applicants have failed to set forth the basis for the claimed weight percents.

Within claims 3 and 6, improper Markush groups are present; "or" should be "and".

Within line 5 of claim 6, it is unclear what is being specified after "at least one".

Within claims 9 and 10, the language, "the ionic component" and "the nonionic hydrophilicizing agent", lacks antecedent basis.

- 2. Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Applicants have failed to specify the type of molecular weight (weight average or number average) for the specified components within claims 1, 12, and 25.
- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 09/963,423

Art Unit: 1711

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or

(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-5, 7, 8, 10-12, 14, and 22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being 4. anticipated by WO 99/52961.

Application/Control Number: 09/963,423 Page 4

Art Unit: 1711

The reference discloses the production of self-dispersible polyisocyanates, which are the reaction product of a polyisocyanate, an active hydrogen compound containing hydrophilic groups, and a pyrazole blocking agent. See pages 2-7.

5. Claims 1-20 and 22-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b or e) as being anticipated by Reiff et al. ('370 or '482 or '737) or Konig et al. ('860).

The references disclose the production of blocked isocyanates, wherein the blocked isocyanates are the reaction product of polyisocyanates, which meet applicants' claimed isocyanates; active hydrogen compounds containing ionic or potential ionic groups, which meet applicants' claimed ionic agents; polyols, which meet applicants' claimed polyols; blocking agents, which meet applicants' claimed blocking agents; and neutralizing agents, which meet applicants' claimed neutralizing agents. See abstract and columns 2-12 within Reiff et al. See abstract and columns 1-3 within Konig et al.

6. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 99/52961 or Reiff et al. ('370 or '482 or '737) or Konig et al. ('860).

As aforementioned, the references disclose the production hydrophilic group containing, blocked polyisocyanates; however, the references are silent with respect to the addition of hydrophobic blocked polyisocyanates. Still, the position is taken that it would have been obvious to incorporate a quantity of conventional blocked isocyanates into the compositions, so as to reduce expense and speed production. One of ordinary skill would have realized that the

Art Unit: 1711

hydrophilic blocked polyisocyanates will act as external emulsifiers for the conventional blocked polyisocyanates; thereby facilitating their incorporation within the aqueous systems and further permitting the processes of use and formulation to be conducted less expensively.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (703) 308-2982.

RABON SERGENT PRIMARY EXAMINER

R. Sergent

June 10, 2002